1. Who lived in America before the Europeans arrived?

- A. Chinese
- **B.** Russians
- C. Pacific Islanders
- **D.** American Indians
- 2. Who was the first President of the United States?
- A. John Hancock
- **B.** James Madison
- C. Benjamin Franklin
- D. George Washington

3. What was one important thing that Abraham Lincoln did?

- A. led the U.S. during the Civil War
- B. led the U.S. during the War of 1812
- C. led the U.S. during the American Revolution
- D. led the U.S. during the Mexican-American War
- 4. When is Independence Day celebrated?
- A. April 19
- B. July 4
- C. September 17
- D. November 11
- 5. Who is the "Father of Our Country"?
- A. Abraham Lincoln
- **B.** Thomas Jefferson
- C. Benjamin Franklin
- D. George Washington
- 6. What Ocean is on the East Coast of the United States?
- A. Arctic Ocean
- B. Indian Ocean
- C. Pacific Ocean
- D. Atlantic Ocean

- 7. What did Martin Luther King, Jr. do?
- A. fought for civil rights
- B. became the first black U.S. Senator
- C. established the Harvard Law School
- D. ran for President of the United States
- 8. Which of the following is one of the two longest rivers in the United States?
- A. Ohio River
- B. Potomac River
- C. Colorado River
- D. Mississippi River
- 9. What do Americans show loyalty to when saying the Pledge of Allegiance?
- A. the state where you live
- B. the United States of America
- C. the Declaration of Independence
- D. the President of the United States of America
- 10. Why did the colonists fight the British?
- A. because of high taxes
- B. because the British invaded France
- C. because the colonists wanted a new king
- D. because the colonists wanted religious freedom
- 11. Who wrote the Declaration of Independence?
- A. James Madison
- B. Abraham Lincoln
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. George Washington
- 12. Which of the following is an American Indian tribe?
- A. Huli
- B. Kikuyu
- C. Maori
- D. Navajo

13. Why does the American flag have 13 stripes?	19. Which of the following reasons led to the Civil War?
A. They represent the 13 original colonies.	
B. They represent the 13 signatures on the U.S. Constitution.	A. taxes B. slavery
C. They represent the 13 military heroes of the Revolutionary War.	C. oil rights
	D. religious freedom
D. They represent the 13 members of the Second Continental Congress.	20. What did Susan B. Anthony do?
14. Why does the American flag have 50 stars?	A. founded the Red Cross
A. One star for each state.	B. fought for women's rights
B. One star for each president.	C. made the first American flag
C. One star for each original colony.	D. established a college for women
D. One star for each constitutional amendment.	21. Where is the Statue of Liberty located?
15. What is the name of the national anthem?	A. Boston, MA
A. God Bless the U.S.A.	B. New York, NY
B. America the Beautiful	C. Washington, DC
C. My Country Tis of Thee	D. San Francisco, CA
D. The Star-Spangled Banner	22. What is the deadline for filing federal income tax forms?
16. Which of the following are national U.S. holidays?	A. April 15
A. Columbus Day and Flag Day	B. June 30
B. Labor Day and Veterans Day	C. September 15
C. Memorial Day and Mother's Day	D. December 31
D. Valentine's Day and Thanksgiving Day	23. Who did the United States fight in World War II?
17. What is one reason colonists came to America?	A. Japan, Germany, and Italy
A. education	B. Japan, Germany, and France
B. better health	C. Russia, China, and Japan
C. elect a new king	D. Russia, France, and Great Britain
D. religious freedom	24. Which of the following wars was fought by the United States in the 1800s?
18. What was the name of the U.S. war between the North and the South?	A. Korean War
A. Civil War	B. World War I
B. World War II	C. Spanish-American War
C. War of 1812	D. French and Indian War
D. Revolutionary War	

- 25. Who is in charge of the executive branch?
- A. the President
- B. the Chief Justice
- C. the Majority Leader
- D. the Speaker of the House
- 26. What does the judicial branch do?
- A. amends the Constitution and overturns laws
- B. decides if a law goes against the Constitution
- C. stipulates the number of Supreme Court Justices
- D. provides legal advice to the President and his staff

27. Which of the following includes two ways that Americans can participate in their democracy?

A. vote and run for office

B. read a newspaper and volunteer at the local food bank

C. get a driver's license and purchase real estate property

D. go to college and start a career

28. What group of people was taken to America and sold as slaves?

A. Africans

- **B.** Canadians
- C. Spaniards
- D. Italians

29. When was the Declaration of Independence adopted?

- A. July 4, 1770
- B. July 4, 1776
- C. July 4, 1870
- D. July 4, 1876

30. Which of the following includes three of the 13 original states?

- A. Georgia, Indiana, New York
- B. Maine, Ohio, and West Virginia
- C. Vermont, Florida, and Pennsylvania
- D. Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina

31. What happened at the Constitutional Convention?

- A. The Constitution was written.
- B. The Constitution was ratified.
- C. The Magna Carta was signed.
- D. The Declaration of Independence was written.
- 32. When was the U.S. Constitution written?
- A. 1776
- B. 1787
- C. 1812
- D. 1865

33. What is one thing Benjamin Franklin is famous for?

- A. decorated war general
- B. inventor of the telegraph
- C. fourth president of the United States
- D. oldest member of the Constitutional Convention

34. What territory did the United States buy from France in 1803?

- A. Alaska
- B. Florida
- C. Hawaii
- D. Louisiana

35. What is one promise made when becoming a citizen of the United States of America?

- A. to register to vote
- B. to get an education
- C. to join a political party
- D. to defend the U.S. Constitution

36. When must all men register for the Selective Service?

A. at birth

B. at age 16

C. at age 18

D. men no longer have to register

37. What did the Emancipation Proclamation do?

A. called for an end to the Civil War

B. called for the creation of state borders

C. called for an end to Southern Secession

D. called for the freeing of slaves in the Confederate States

38. Who was the President during World War I?

A. Warren Harding

B. Woodrow Wilson

C. Franklin Roosevelt

D. Theodore Roosevelt

39. What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful?

A. the military

B. the Bill of Rights

C. checks and balances

D. the Federal Reserve

40. What is one responsibility that only applies to United States citizens?

A. pay taxes

B. obey the laws

C. serve on a jury

D. attend private school

41. Which of the following includes two rights of everyone living in the United States?

A. freedom to work and freedom of speech

B. freedom to work and freedom to make laws

C. freedom of speech and freedom of assembly

D. freedom to make laws and freedom of assembly

42. Which war was fought by the United States in the 1900s?

A. Civil War

B. World War I

C. Revolutionary War

D. Mexican-American War

43. What is the supreme law of the land?

A. the U.S. Constitution

B. the Articles of Confederation

C. the Emancipation Proclamation

D. the Declaration of Independence

44. What does the Constitution do?

A. sets up and defines the government

B. draws boundaries of congressional districts

C. sets codes of conduct for obeying local and federal laws

D. determines whether citizens are prosecuted to the full extent of the law

45. The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words?

A. We the United

B. We the People

C. We the Citizens

D. We the Americans

46. What is an amendment?

A. a change to the Constitution

B. a preamble to the Constitution

C. an explanation of the Bill of Rights

D. an introduction to the Bill of Rights

47. What do we call the first ten amendments to the Constitution?

A. the Preamble

B. the Bill of Rights

C. the Articles of the Confederation

D. the Declaration of Independence

48. What did the Declaration of Independence do?	54. Who makes federal laws?
A. declared freedom for the slaves	A. the Congress
B. declared equal rights for women	B. the Supreme Court
C. declared freedom from Great Britain	C. the Attorney General
D. declared an end to the war with Great Britain	D. the Justice Department
49. Which of the following includes two rights stated in the Declaration of Independence?	55. If the President can no longer serve, who becomes President?
A. life and liberty	A. the Vice President
B. free speech and justice	B. the Secretary of State
C. bear arms and pay taxes	C. the President Pro Tempore
D. vote and pursuit of happiness	D. the Speaker of the House of Representatives
50. How many amendments does the Constitution	56. Who signs bills to become laws?
have?	A. the President
A. 10	B. the Vice President
B. 27	C. the Secretary of State
C. 36	D. the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
D. 50	57. What is the highest court in the United States?
51. Who vetoes bills?	A. the District Court
A. the President	B. the Superior Court
B. the Majority Leader	C. the Supreme Court
C. the President Pro Tempore	D. the Municipal Court
D. the Speaker of the House of Representatives	58. If both the President and the Vice President can
52. What is the "rule of law"?	no longer serve, who becomes President?
A. Everyone must follow the law.	A. the Secretary of State
B. Laws remain the same in every state.	B. the U.S. Attorney General
C. Government leaders are above the laws.	C. the President Pro Tempore
D. Laws only apply to United States citizens.	D. the Speaker of the House of Representatives
53. What is one branch of the federal government?	59. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the
A. governor	federal government?
B. judicial	A. to make treaties
C. military	B. to issue driver's licenses
D. treasury	C. to provide public education
	D. to establish police departments

- 60. Who is the Commander in Chief of the military?
- A. the President
- B. the Secretary of Defense
- C. the U.S. Attorney General
- D. the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff
- 61. What is the capital of Arizona?
- A. Flagstaff
- B. Phoenix
- C. Prescott
- D. Tucson

62. What is one right that only applies to United States citizens?

- A. speak freely
- B. own a weapon
- C. practice a religion
- D. run for federal office

63. How old do citizens have to be to vote for President?

- A. starting at 16 years of age and older
- B. starting at 18 years of age and older
- C. starting at 21 years of age and older
- D. starting at 35 years of age and older

64. Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is one power of the states?

- A. print money
- B. create an army
- C. issue passports
- D. provide public education

65. Who is one of the authors of the Federalist Papers?

- A. John Adams
- **B.** James Madison
- C. Thomas Jefferson
- D. George Washington

66. Who was President during both the Great Depression and World War II?
A. Harry Truman
B. Calvin Coolidge
C. Woodrow Wilson
D. Franklin Roosevelt
67. Before he was President, Eisenhower was a general. What war was he in?
A. Civil War
B. Korean War
C. World War II
D. Spanish-American War
68. During the Cold War, what was the main concern of the United States?
A. colonialism

- B. communism
- C. imperialism
- D. sectionalism

69. What movement tried to end racial discrimination?

- A. civil rights movement
- B. progressive movement
- C. temperance movement
- D. women's suffrage movement

70. What historical event happened on September 11, 2001 in the United States?

- A. The stock market crashed.
- B. Columbia space shuttled exploded.
- C. Terrorists attacked the United States.
- D. Hurricane Katrina struck New Orleans.
- 71. What Ocean is on the West Coast of the United States?
- A. Arctic Ocean
- B. Indian Ocean
- C. Pacific Ocean
- D. Atlantic Ocean

72. Which of the following is a U.S. territory?	78. What is the economic system in the United States?
A. Cuba	A. barter or trade economy
B. Guam	B. socialist or mutual economy
C. Hawaii	C. capitalist or market economy
D. Panama	D. communist or collective economy
73. Which U.S. state borders Canada?	
A. Alaska	79. What are the two parts of the U.S. Congress?
B. Connecticut	A. the President and the Cabinet
C. Oregon	B. the Supreme Court and the Superior Court
D. Wisconsin	C. the U.S. Treasury and the State Department
74. Which U.S. state borders Mexico?	D. the Senate and the House of Representatives
A. Texas	80. How many U.S. Senators are there?
B. Arkansas	A. 25
C. Louisiana	B. 50
D. Alabama	C. 100
75. What is the capital of the United States?	D. 435
A. Boston, MA	81. How many years are there in one term of office for a U.S. Senator?
B. New York, NY	A. 2
C. Philadelphia, PA	В. 4
D. Washington, DC	C. 6
76. What is one right or freedom from the First Amendment?	D. 8
A. to vote	82. The U.S. House of Representatives has how many voting members?
B. jury trial	A. 265
C. free speech	В. 380
D. to bear arms	C. 435
77. What is freedom of religion?	D. 519
A. Religious leaders are exempt from the law.	83. How many years are there in one term of office for a U.S. Representative?
B. States may choose a religion for the people.	
C. Religious institutions do not have to pay taxes.	A. 2
D. People may or may not choose to practice a religion.	B. 4
	C. 6
	D. 8

84. Who does a U.S. Senator represent?	90. How many justices are on the U.S. Supreme Court?
A. all people in the United States	A. 5
B. all people in the Senator's state	B. 7
C. only the people in the state who voted for the	C. 9
Senator	D. 11
D. only people who belong to the political party of the Senator	91. Which of the following includes two major political parties in the United States?
85. How is the number of U.S. Representatives chosen for each state?	A. Libertarian Party and Democratic Party
	B. Progressive Party and Libertarian Party
A. by state location	C. Democratic Party and Republican Party
B. by state population	D. Progressive Party and Republican Party
C. by state geographical size	92. There are four amendments to the Constitution about who can vote. Which of the following is true?
D. by state political affiliation	A. Only citizens 21 and older can vote.
86. How many years are there in one term of office for a U.S. President?	B. Only citizens with jobs can vote.
A. 2	C. Only citizens 18 and older can vote.
B. 4	D. Only citizens who pay taxes can vote.
C. 6	
D. 8	
87. In what month is the election day for President?	
A. January	93. Who is the current President of the United
B. June	States?
C. August	94. Who is the current Governor of Arizona?
D. November	95. Who is the current Vice President of the United
88. What is the main duty of the President's Cabinet?	States?
A. set policy	96. Name one of the two current U.S. Senators for the state of Arizona.
B. make laws	97. Who is the current Chief Justice of the United
C. advise the President	States?
D. command the military	98. What is the political party of the current President? 99. Who is the current Speaker of the House of Representatives?
89. Which of the following includes two Cabinet-level	
positions? A. Secretary of Education and Secretary of History	
B. Secretary of Energy and Secretary of Motor Vehicles	100. Name one of the nine current U.S. Representatives for the state of Arizona
C. Secretary of Human Affairs and Secretary of the Navy	
D. Secretary of Homeland Security and Secretary of the Treasury	